



The Purpose

This celebration is the sacrament of sacraments of which everything else in the church is built on.
These prayers are handed down by

tradition.

- 1. THE PRAYER OF
 - RECONCILIATION
- 2. THE ANAPHORA
- 3. AGIOS, AGIOS, AGIOS
- 4. THE INSTITUTION NARRATIVE
- 5. THE LITANIES
- 6. THE COMMEMERATION
- 7. THE FRACTION
- 8. THE CONFESSION

The goal here is to reconcile with God and with each other.

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We recite the Creed as a declaration of faith. Meanwhile the priest washes his hands 3 times and sprinkles the water before the congregation.

Who exactly are we reconciling with here? How did this reconciliation come about?

> O God, the Great the Eternal, who formed man in incorruption; and death, which entered into the world through the envy of the devil, You have destroyed by the life giving manifestation of Your only begotten Son, Our Lord, God, and Saviour Jesus Christ.



The priest removes the seal, and the deacon holds the cross, through which our reconciliation happens.



The priest lifts up the Eprospherine while shaking it. With a rumbling earthquake the stone of the tomb is removed!

Is reconciliation with God enough? What reconciliation does God desire?

And make us all worthy, O our Master, to greet one another with a holy kiss, that without casting us into condemnation, we may partake of Your immortal and heavenly gift in Christ Jesus our Lord. After being reconciled with God and one another, the church considers us ascending to heaven.

Anaphora means "to lift up"

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How can we have our hearts *with the Lord?* What makes God worthy of our praise?

The Lord be with you all And with your spirit

Lift up your hearts We have them with the Lord

Let us give thanks to the Lord It is meet and right



The priest lifts up his hands, covered with the veil to pray meet and right. This resembles the seraphim covering themselves in front of God.





The priest put the veil that was over the Eprospharine on his left hand and the one on the patent in his right. This represents the movement of the Cherubim's wings. Meanwhile the deacons fan as a symbol of the wings of the two cherubim in the holy of holies. We are lifting our eyes to the heavenly!

The Cherubim worship you, and the seraphim glorify You, proclaiming and saying...

We remember the sacrifice made by Christ and this blesses the people and the priest.

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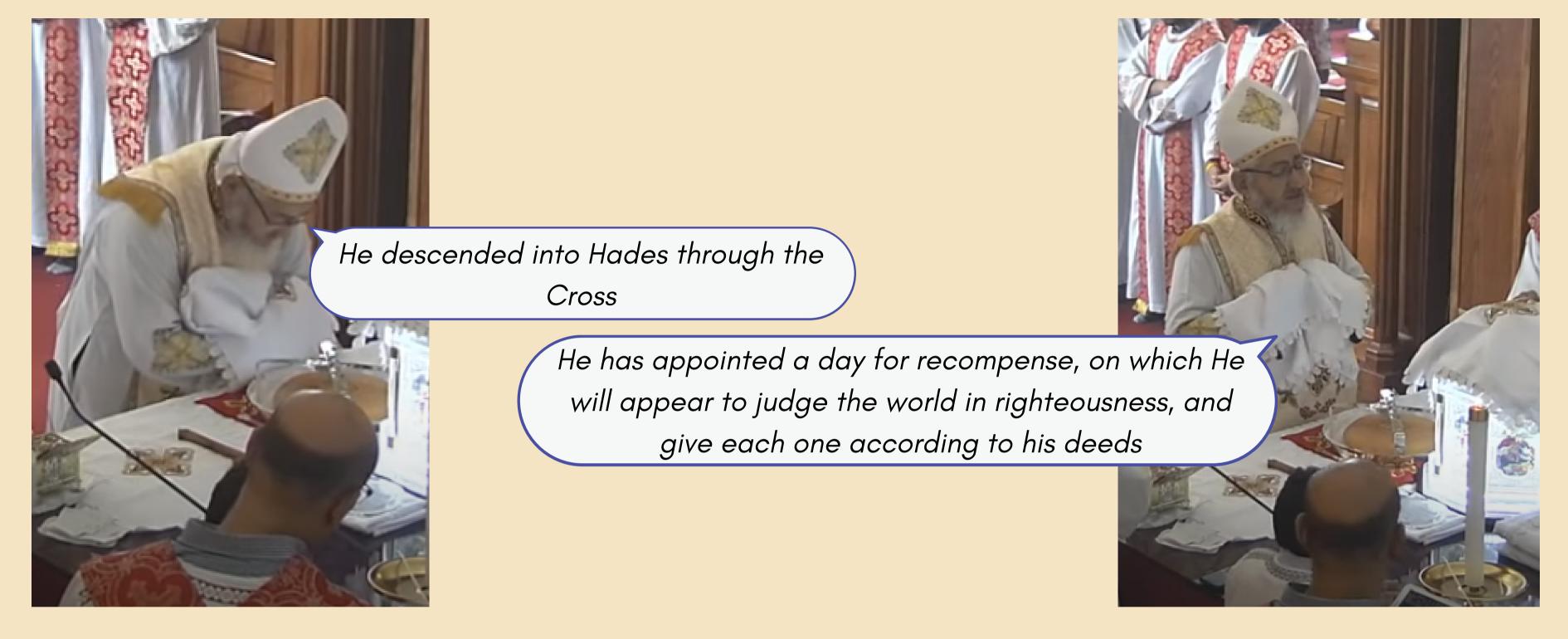
3. AGIOS, AGIOS, AGIOS

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Was incarnate and became man, and taught us the ways of salvation.



The priest puts the spoon in the censer which points to the incarnation. The censer is the Virgin, and Christ the fire inside. The coal is His human nature and the fire his divine nature.



The priest bows while placing his chest in the likeness of the cross.

After he beats his chest as a regret for his sins.

The narrative of the last supper is being reenacted. The bread and wine become the body and blood.

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According to your mercy O Lord, and not according to our sins

The priest washes his hands with the incense to sanctify his hands to hold the mystery. It is soley out of his mercy!

He instituted for us this great Mystery of godliness





The priest holds the bread in his left hand and blesses it three times. When we give thanks and look to heaven it leads to blessing and a life of sanctification.



He then splits the bread without separating it into two pieces because Christ's body was never seperated.



He does the same with the wine, and then dips his finger and on the edge of the chalice makes a counter clock wise circle followed by a clockwise circle.



He moves the chalice from the west to east transferring us from being alienated from God to Paradise with Him. He moves the chalice left to right, from being rejected to acceptance.



Then he prays the Epiclesis...

At this point, what is in front of us on the altar? What changes do you want the Holy Spirit to invoke in you?

And we ask You, O Lord our God – we your sinful and unworthy servants worship you by the pleasure of Your goodness – that Your Holy Spirit may descend upon us and these gifts set forth, and purify them, change them, and manifest them as a sanctification of Your saints.